The Knowledge House Guide to:

Stocking a First Aid Kit / Medicine Cabinet

A well-stocked medicine cabinet or first aid kit is a necessity in every household. Having an assortment of medical supplies available will help you to effectively treat common injuries and ailments at a moment's notice without having to run to the store. Keep your first aid supplies in an easy-to-retrieve location that is out of the reach of young children, because many items in a first-aid kit can be hazardous to them.

You can purchase pre-packaged first aid kits or customize one to your particular needs. You may want a large kit for home, a small kit for biking or hiking, and an extra kit for taking on car trips. (But keep in mind that extreme heat or cold can render some medications ineffective.) Plastic tackle boxes, tool boxes, or lunch boxes are ideal storage containers. They are lightweight, sturdy, have carrying handles, and offer plenty of space.

The basic contents of a first aid kit / medicine cabinet should include:

Adhesive tape, duct tape or medical tape to hold gauze in place
Aloe vera gel for burns
Antibiotic ointment (bacitracin, neomycin, polymycin) for cuts and scrapes
Antihistamine (Benadryl) for insect bites, hives, and allergic reactions
Antiseptic wipes
Aspirin, acetaminophen, and/or ibuprofen for pain, headaches, and fevers
Bandage strips (Band-Aid, Curad, etc.) in assorted shapes and sizes
Calamine lotion for insect bites, rashes, and poison ivy
Cotton balls
Cotton-tipped swabs
Elastic bandage (Ace, Coban, etc.)
First-aid manual
Gauze pads (4-inch) and roller gauze (2- 3-inch) to dress cuts, scrapes, and burns
Hand sanitizer
Hydrocortisone cream or ointment for persistent itching
Lip balm (Chapstick)
Moistened towelettes
Nail clippers
Needle
Petroleum jelly
Rubbing alcohol to clean thermometers, tweezers, and scissors
Safety pins in assorted sizes
Scissors
Sunscreen
Syringe, medicine cup, or spoon for administering medicines
Thermometer
Throat lozenges
Tongue depressors for checking sore throats
Toothpaste, floss, mouth rinse, and a new spare toothbrush
Tweezers for removing splinters

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Additional items that you may want to include: ☐ Antifungal cream (Lamisil, Lotrimin, Micatin) for athlete's foot ☐ Aspercreme (topical analgesic cream for muscle aches) ☐ Bulb suction device for flushing out wounds ☐ Calcium carbonate tablets (Tums, Rolaids) for heartburn □ Cough medicine (Robitussin, Triaminic, Delsym, etc.) □ Decongestant (Sudafed, Dristan) ☐ Dental repair kit for temporarily fixing a lost filling or crown ☐ Disposable latex or plastic gloves (at least two pairs) ☐ Eyeglass cleaner/repair kit ☐ Flashlight to check ears, nose, throat, and eyes (and extra batteries) ☐ Foil blanket (mylar space blanket) ☐ Home remedy ingredients (baking soda, vinegar, meat tenderizer, clove oil, etc.) ☐ Hot water bottle ☐ Ice pack or instant cold pack ☐ Magnifying glass ☐ Medical history and consent forms for each family member ☐ Medicated Chest Rub (Vicks VapoRub, Mentholatum Ointment) ☐ Moleskin for blisters □ Over-the-counter and/or prescription medications (that don't need refrigeration) □ Package of tissues ☐ Pedialyte to prevent dehydration in children suffering from diarrhea or vomiting ☐ Plastic bags for the disposal of contaminated materials ☐ Rub-on painkiller (Anbesol, Orajel) for toothaches or teething pain □ Saline nose drops to clear stuffy noses ☐ Sore throat spray (Chloraseptic) □ Splint ☐ Sterile evewash (such as a saline solution) to rinse irritants from eves ☐ Tooth preservation kit consisting of salt solution and a sealable travel case ☐ Triangular bandage ☐ Zinc Oxide ointment to soothe minor skin irritations

Emergency Contacts:

The most important items in your family's first aid kit may actually be names and phone numbers. Securely tape the following contact information inside your kit or cabinet:

- Family doctor
- Local hospital
- Poison and Drug Information Center hotline (1-800-222-1222)
- Regional Poison Control Center
- Police and fire department
- Two closest neighbors (to call if you need help)

Did You Know...? Since 2003, the American Association of Poison Control Centers and American Academy of Pediatrics no longer recommend keeping activated charcoal or ipecac syrup on hand, as the effectiveness and safety of these substances has not been demonstrated.

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